



Understanding the origin and early evolution of Life on Earth, & Mars?

Emmanuelle Javaux

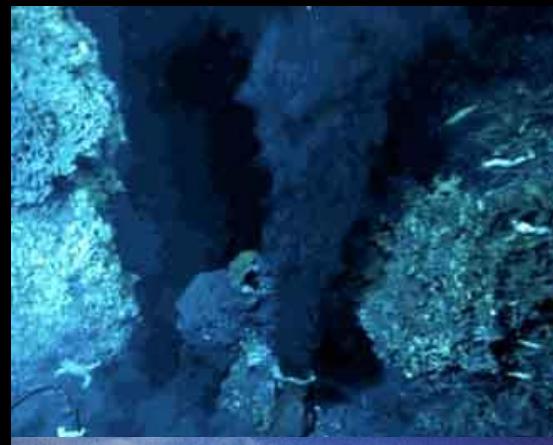
Switch ^{to}
Space 3

Space Exploration: the Moon & Mars

19 October 2022



Life everywhere

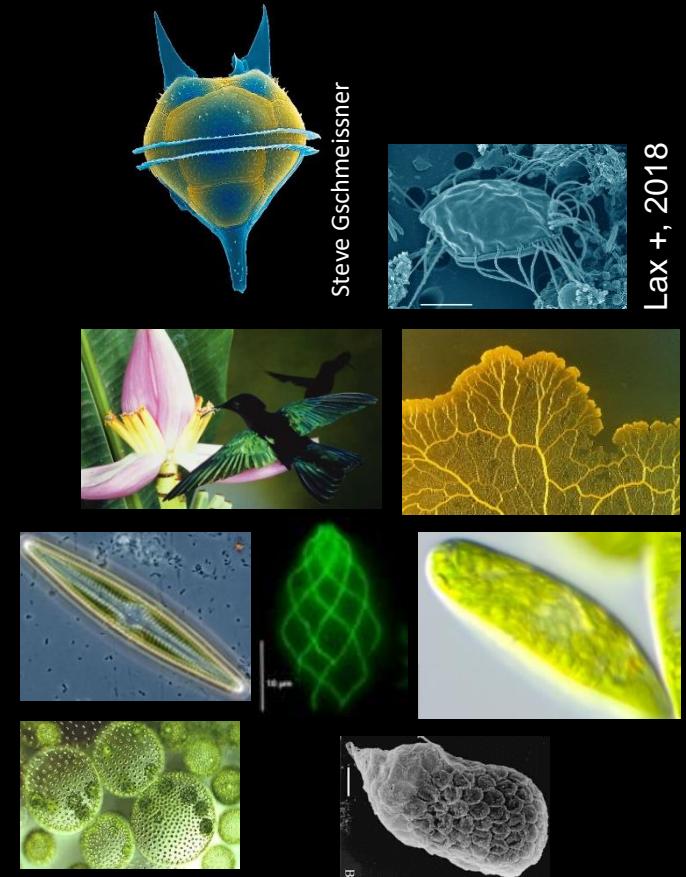
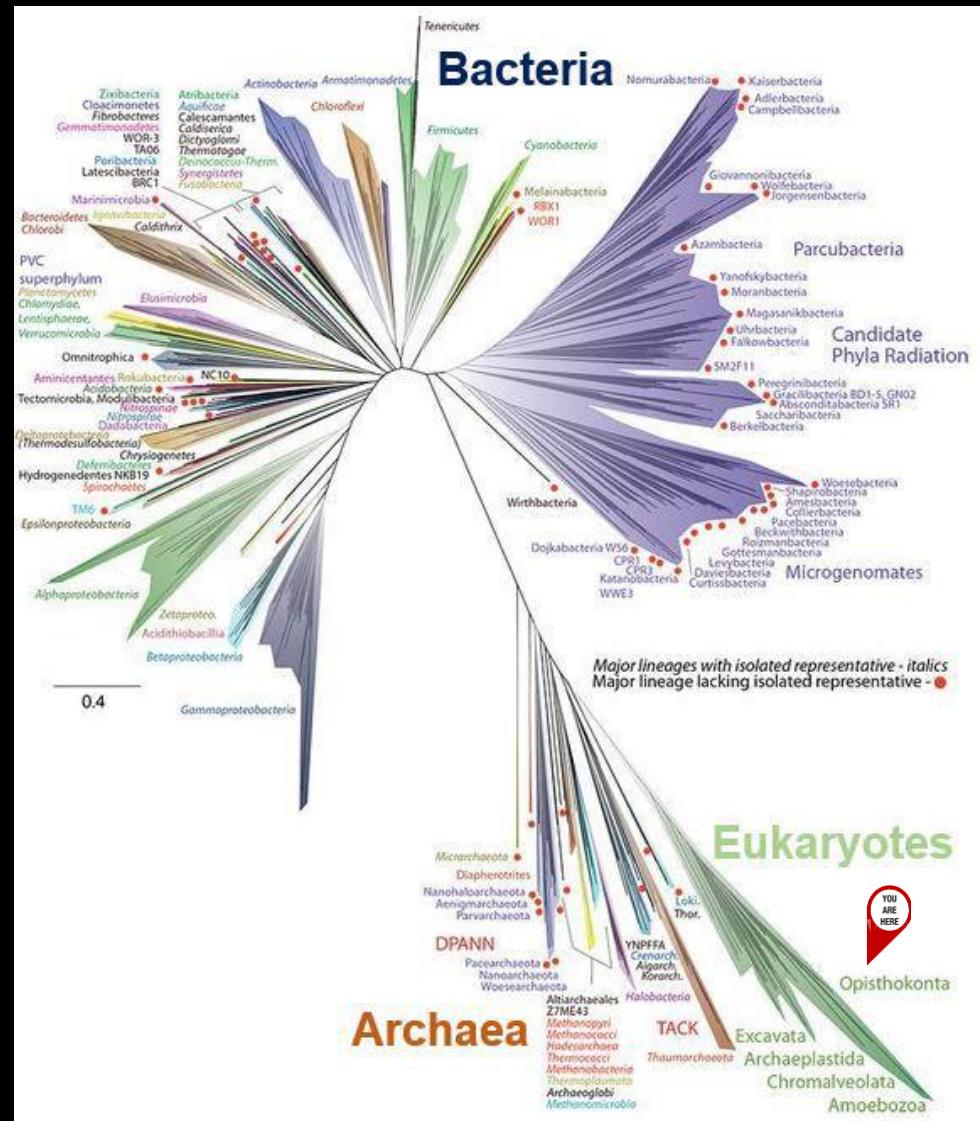
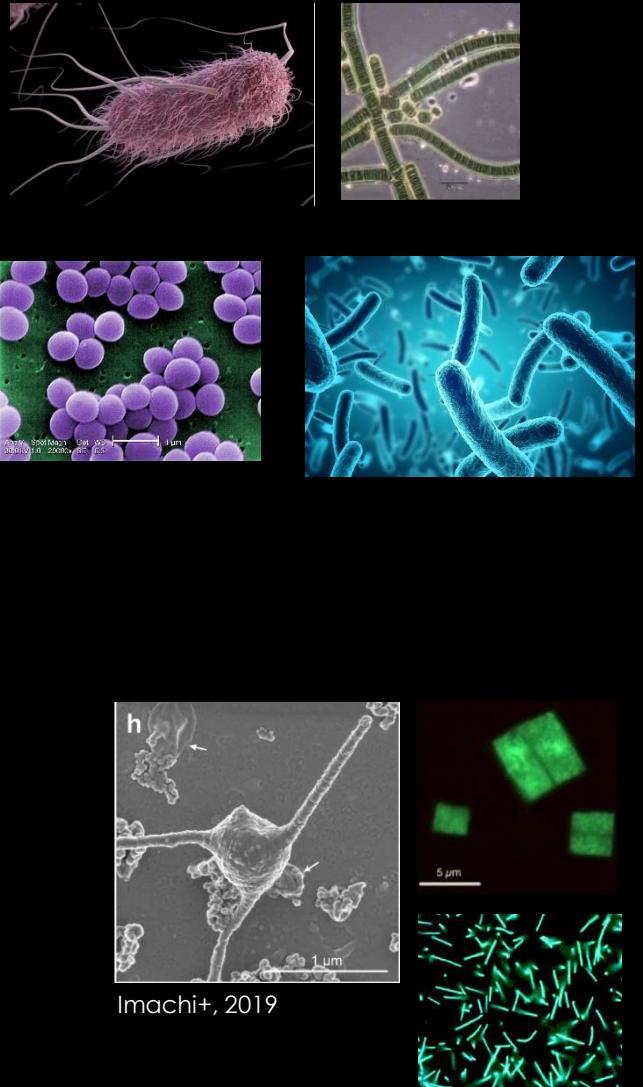


(@Dale Andersen, 1996)

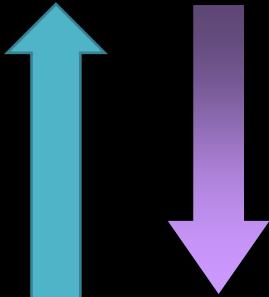
(@Javaux)

(@Javaux)

Beautiful Life today



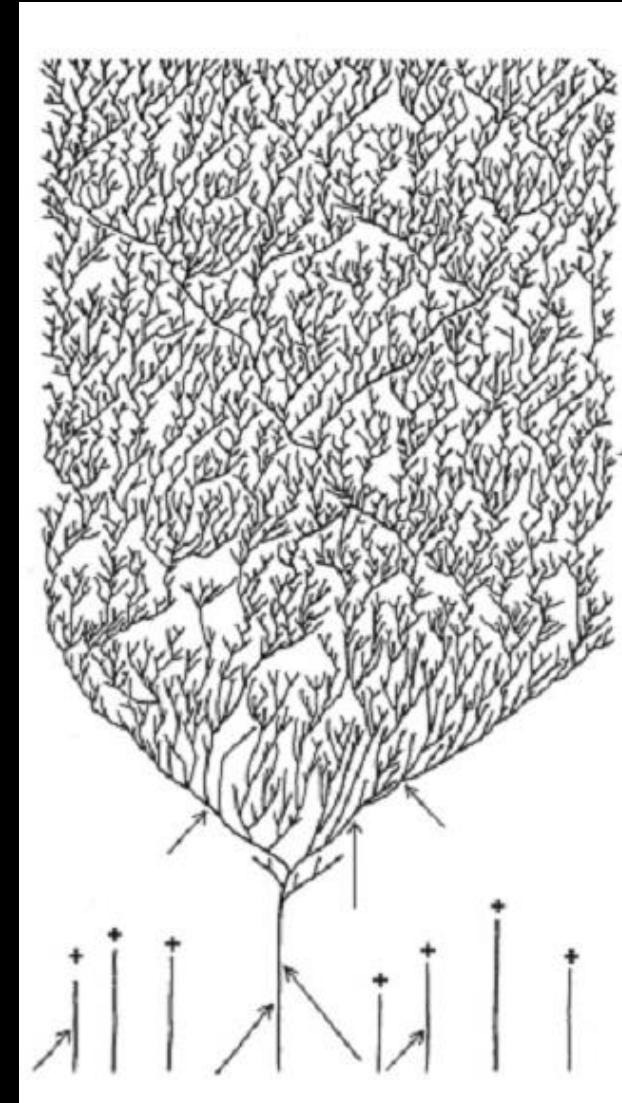
Time



Biology
Paleobiology
Geology
Geochemistry

+Philosophy &
History of sciences

Astrophysics
Chemistry
Biology



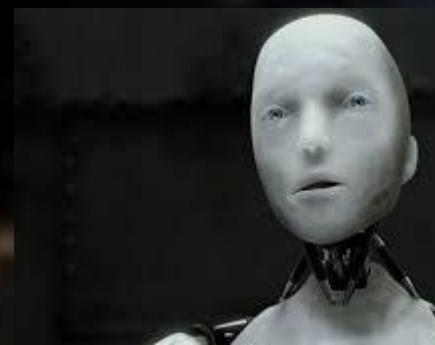
Life today

LUCA

First cells

ORIGINS of LIFE

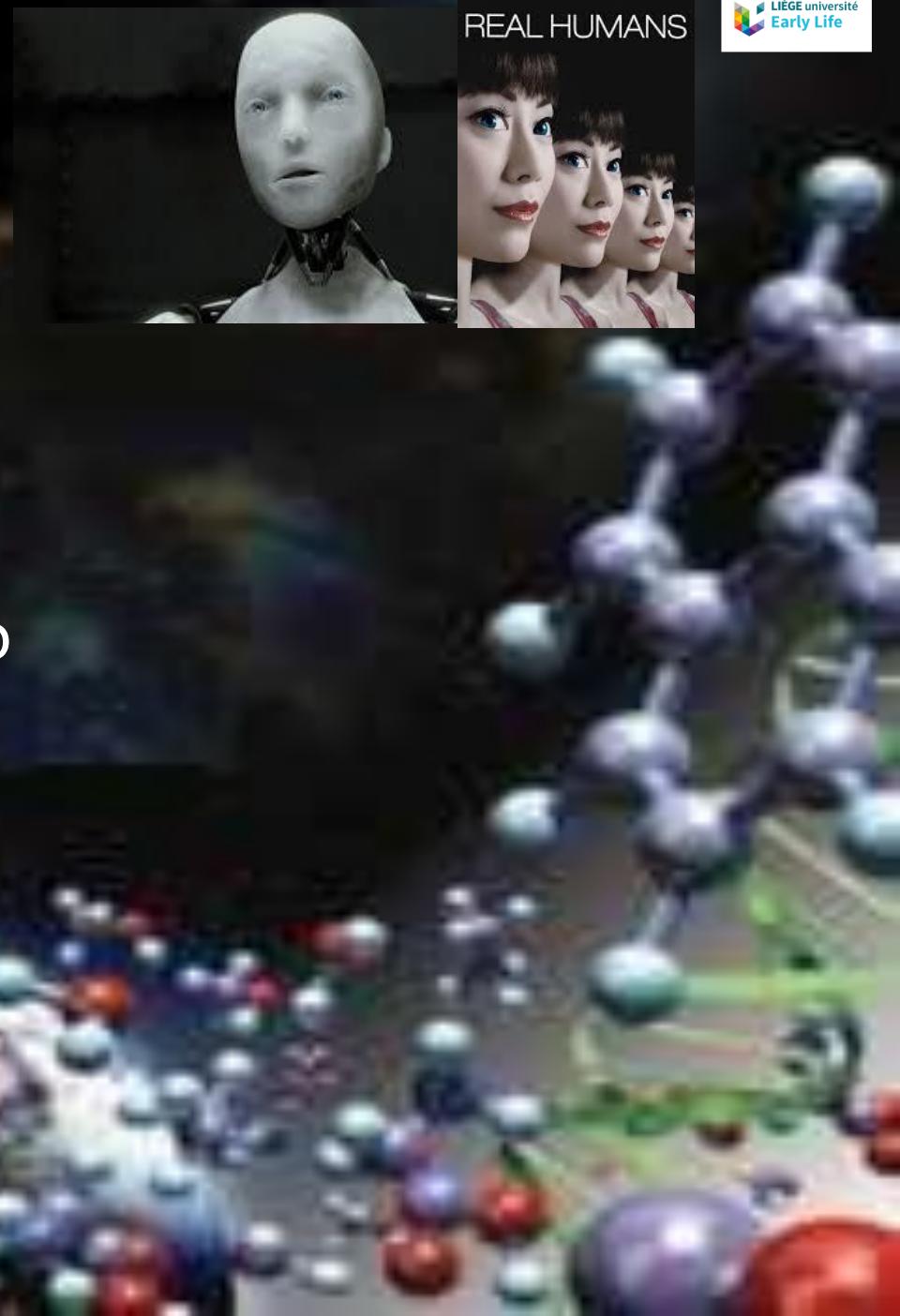
Mod from <http://gogarten.uconn.edu/>



REAL HUMANS



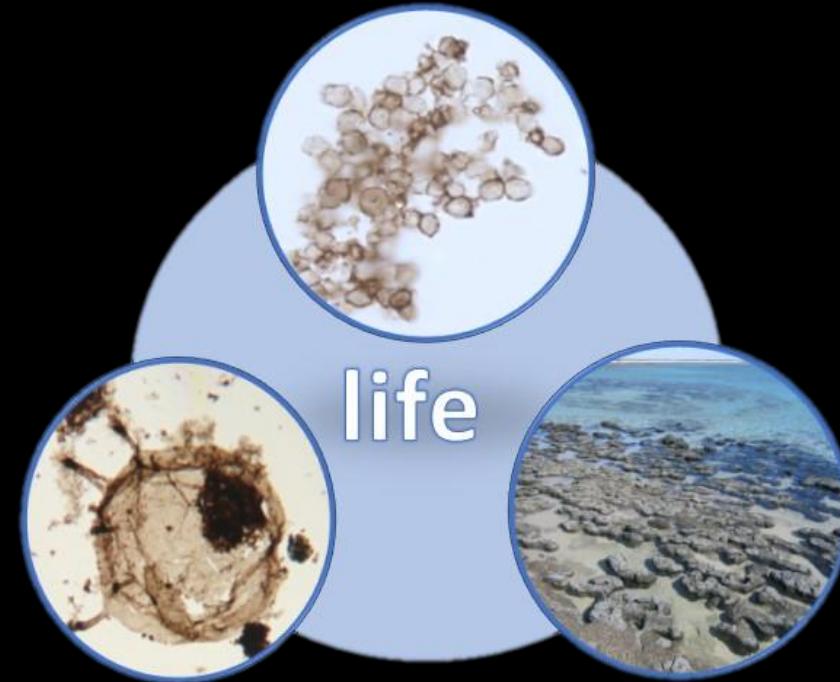
WHAT IS LIFE?



Life as we know it

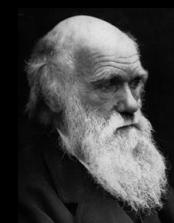
reproduction

compartmentalization



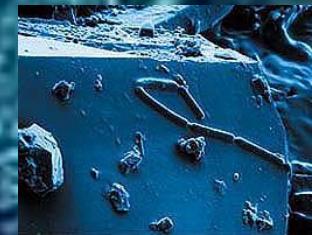
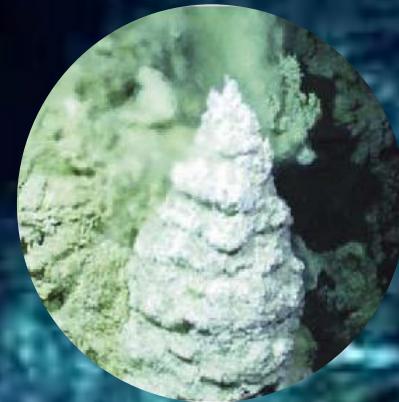
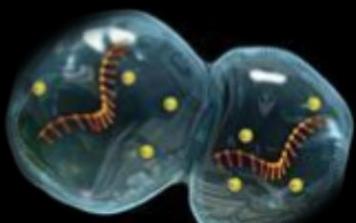
metabolism

Evolution by natural selection



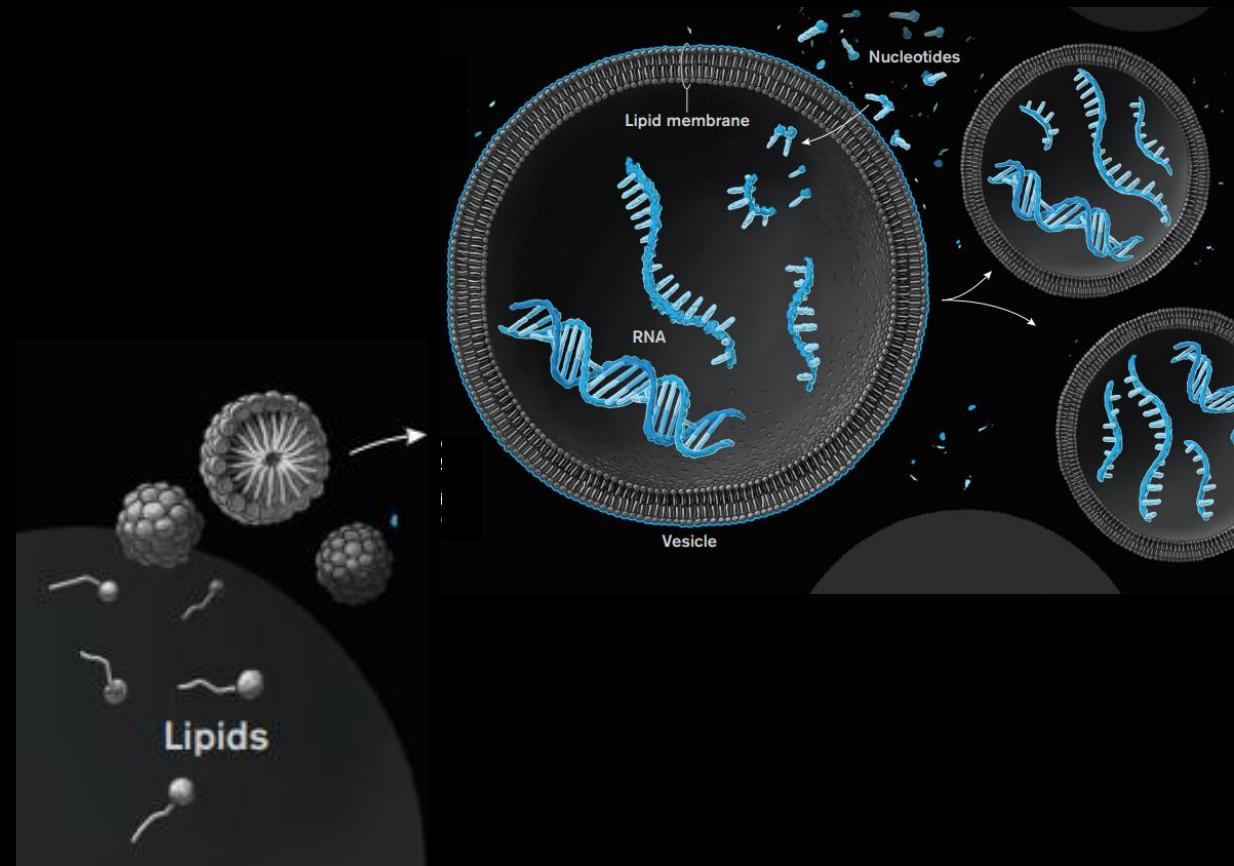
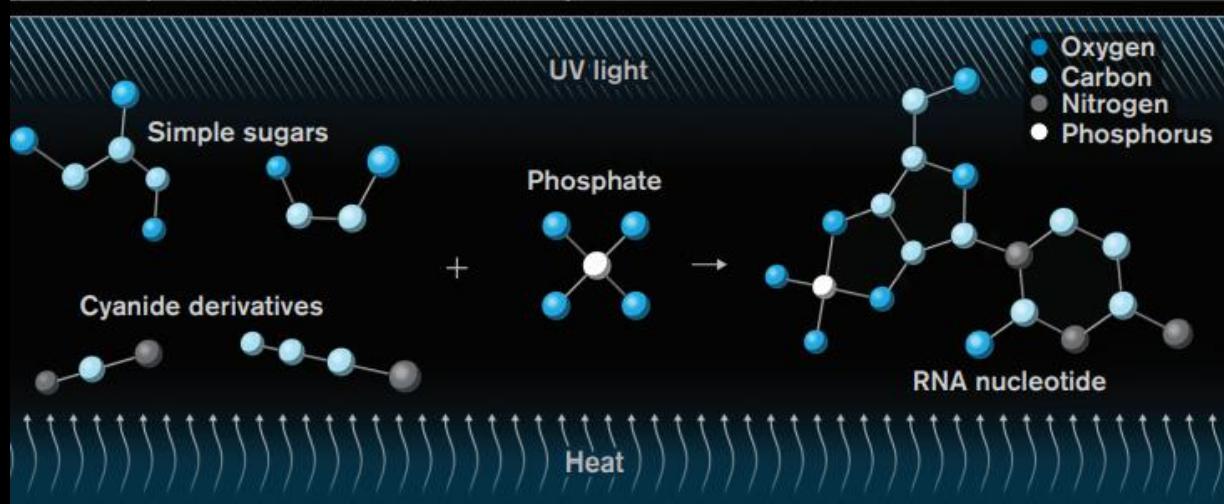
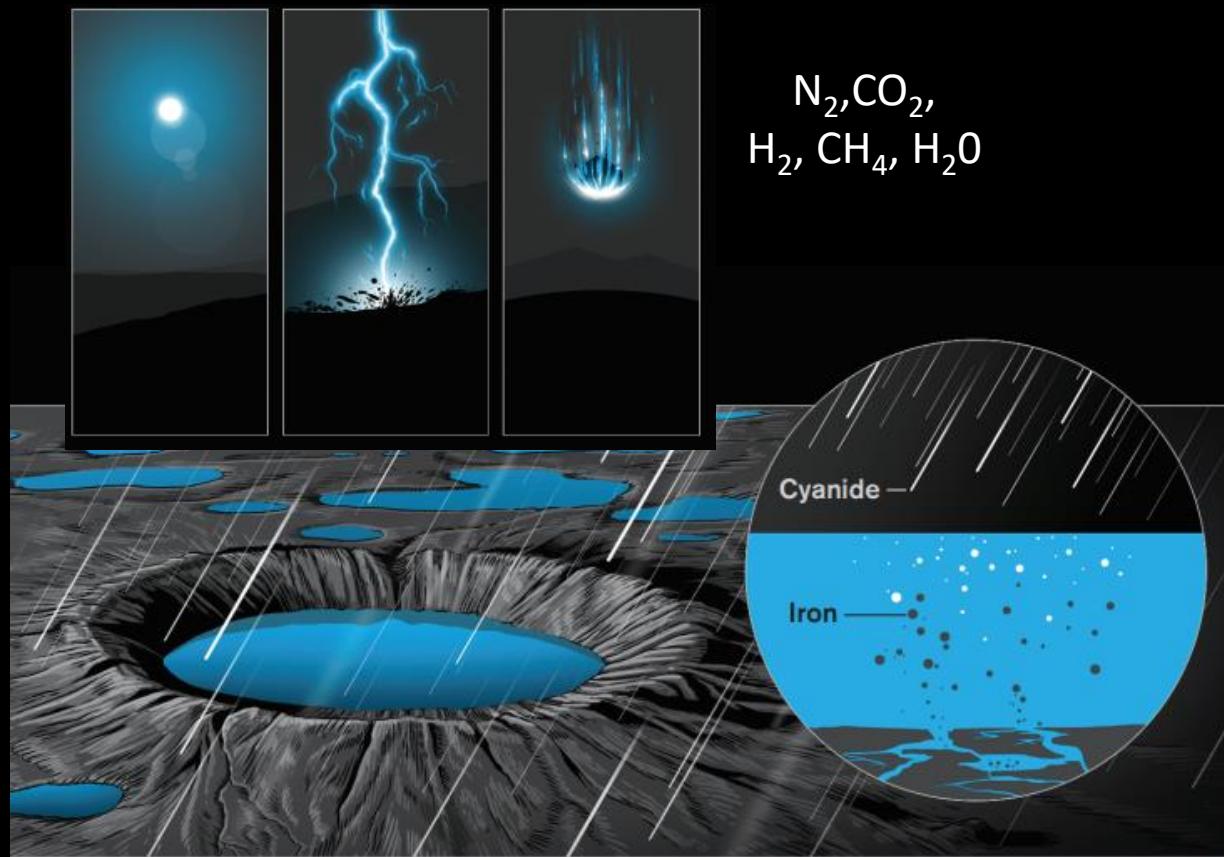
OoL minimum conditions

- Organic chemistry CHONPS
- Liquid water
- Nutrients-minerals
- Energy



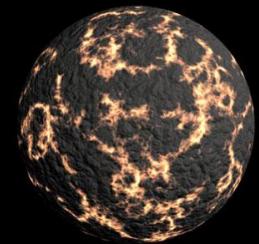
Wächterhäuser, 1988

How did Life begin?



Szostak Nature 2018

When did Life begin?



Accretion
4,568 Ga

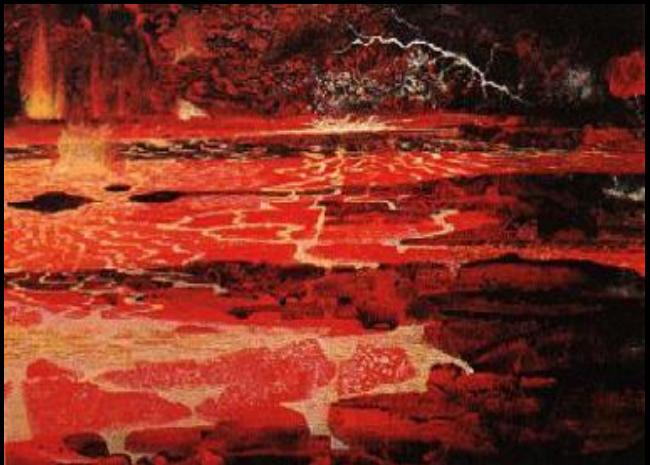


Moon formation
4,51 Ga



Liquid water
4,3 Ga

Uninhabitable Earth
>4.3 Ga



Magma ocean



100 µm



Moon Impacts
4.3-3.4-...Ga

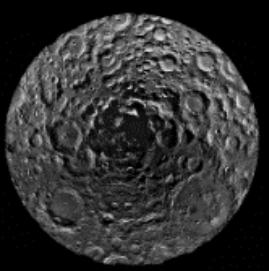
4 Ga

3.4 Ga

Time

Habitable Earth (?OoL)
Earth Rock record

Life diversification
>3.4 Ga



Current Biology 2020 30R451-R453DOI

Early traces of life (biosignatures)

Biosedimentary structures

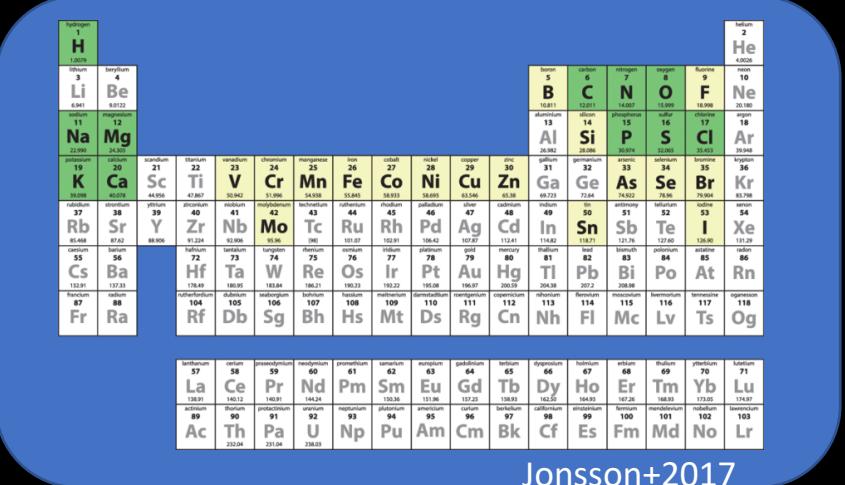
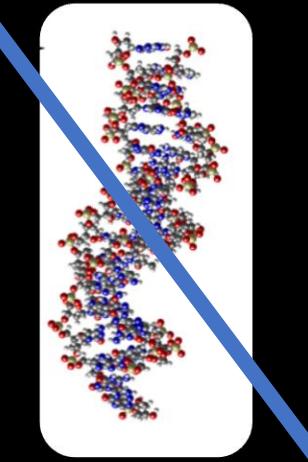


Microfossils

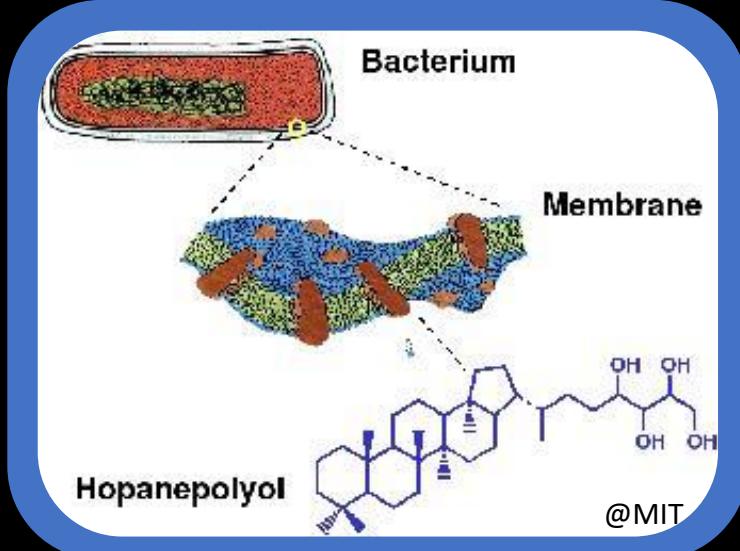


morphological

Isotopic and metal composition

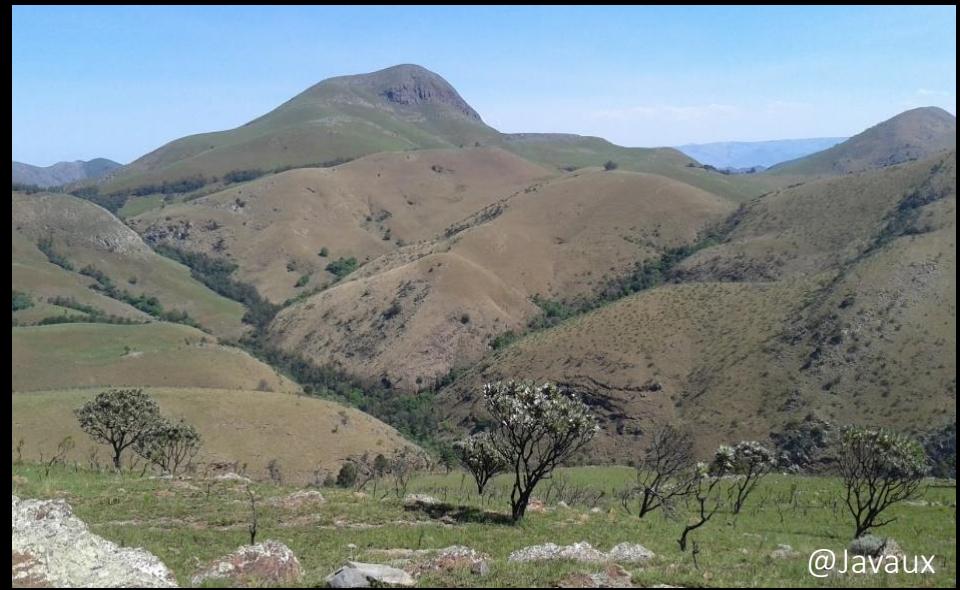


Molecular fossils

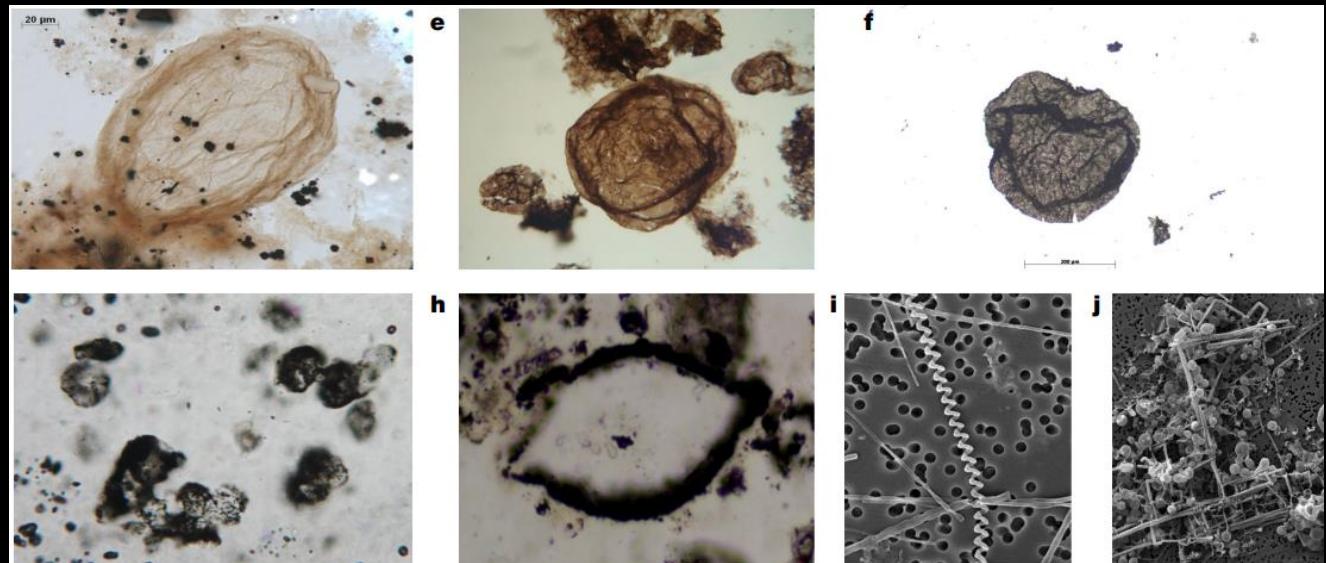


chemical

Rocks are archives of both Earth and life evolution



Not Life

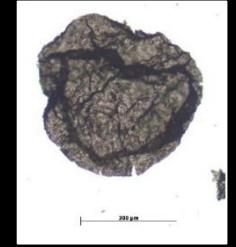


Javaux, Nature 2019

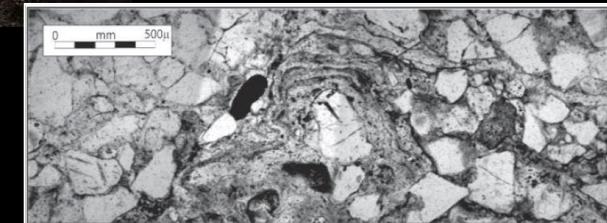
THE OLDEST UNDISPUTED (CHEMICAL & MORPHOLOGICAL) TRACES OF LIFE >3,4-3.2 GA

early cells and microbial mats used light, CH₄, S, Fe, N, C, and other elements from minerals

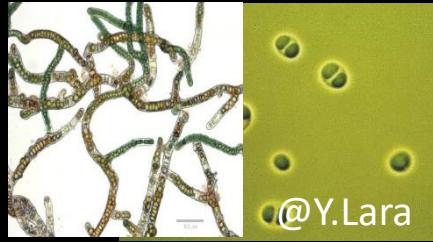
in ocean and on land



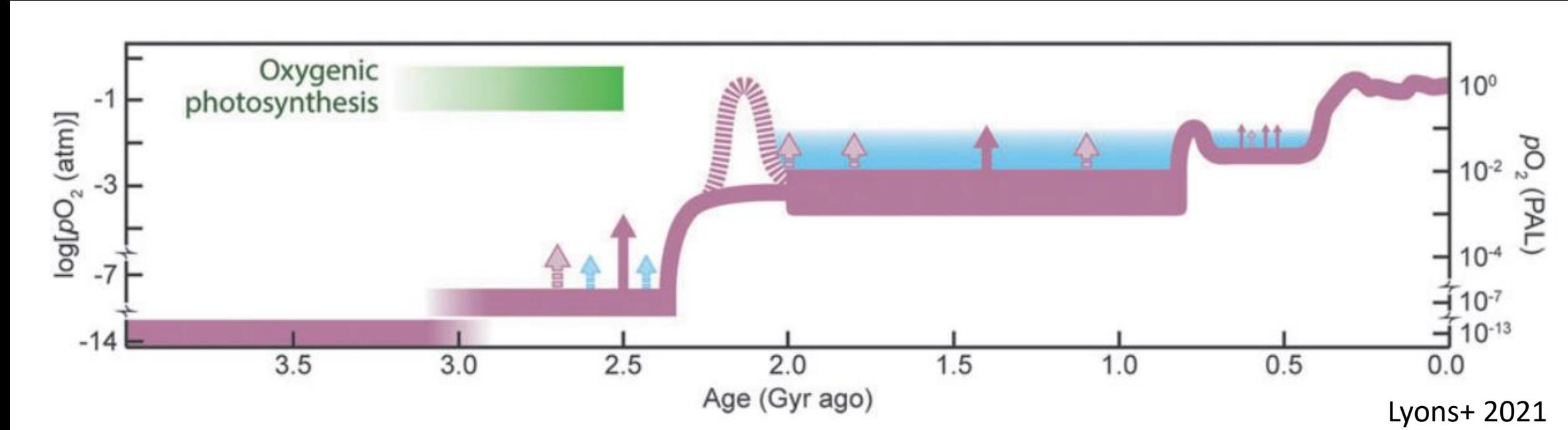
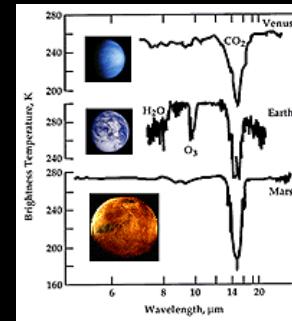
Javaux+ Nature 2010



Homann+ Nature 2018



The rise of cyanobacteria > 2.4 Ga Earth oxygenation Emergence of complex life



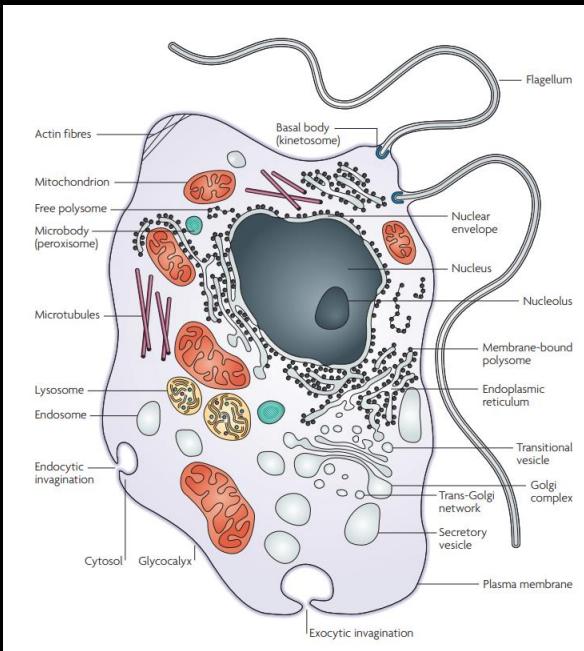
Fossil cyanobacteria > 2 Ga



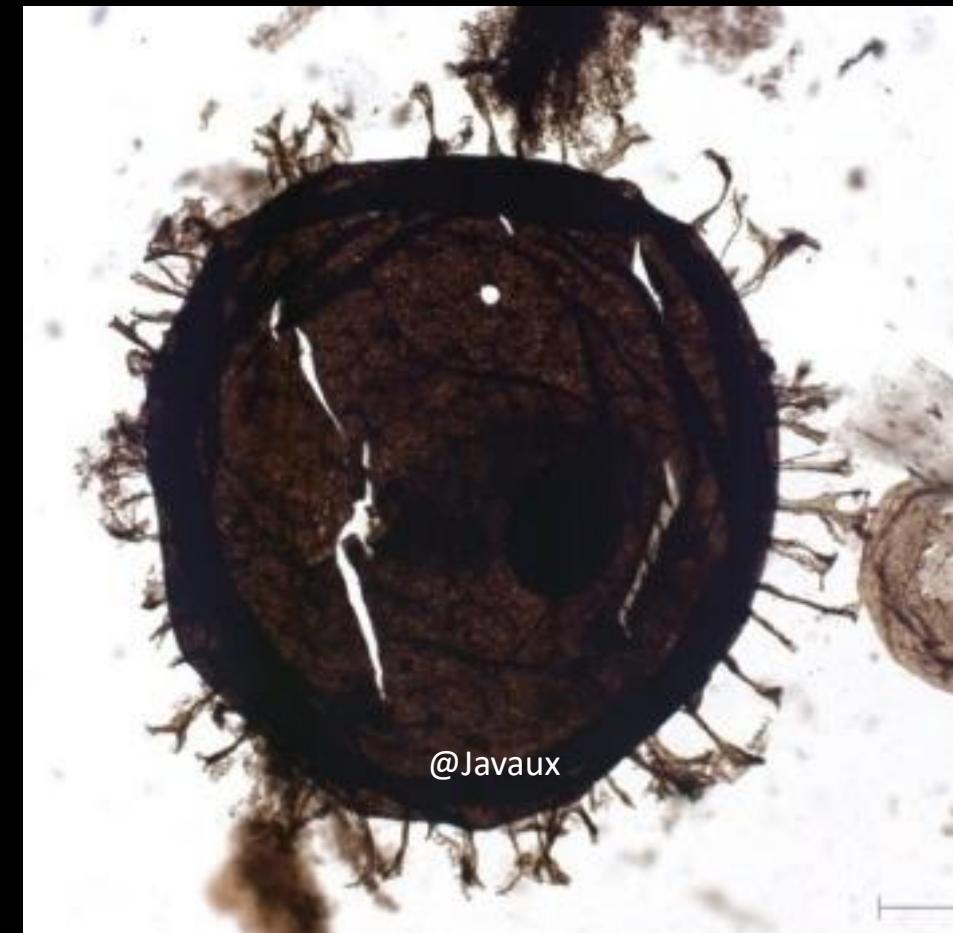
Multicellular algae > 1 Ga

@N Butterfield

The oldest fossil eukaryotic cells (1.75-1.65 Ga)

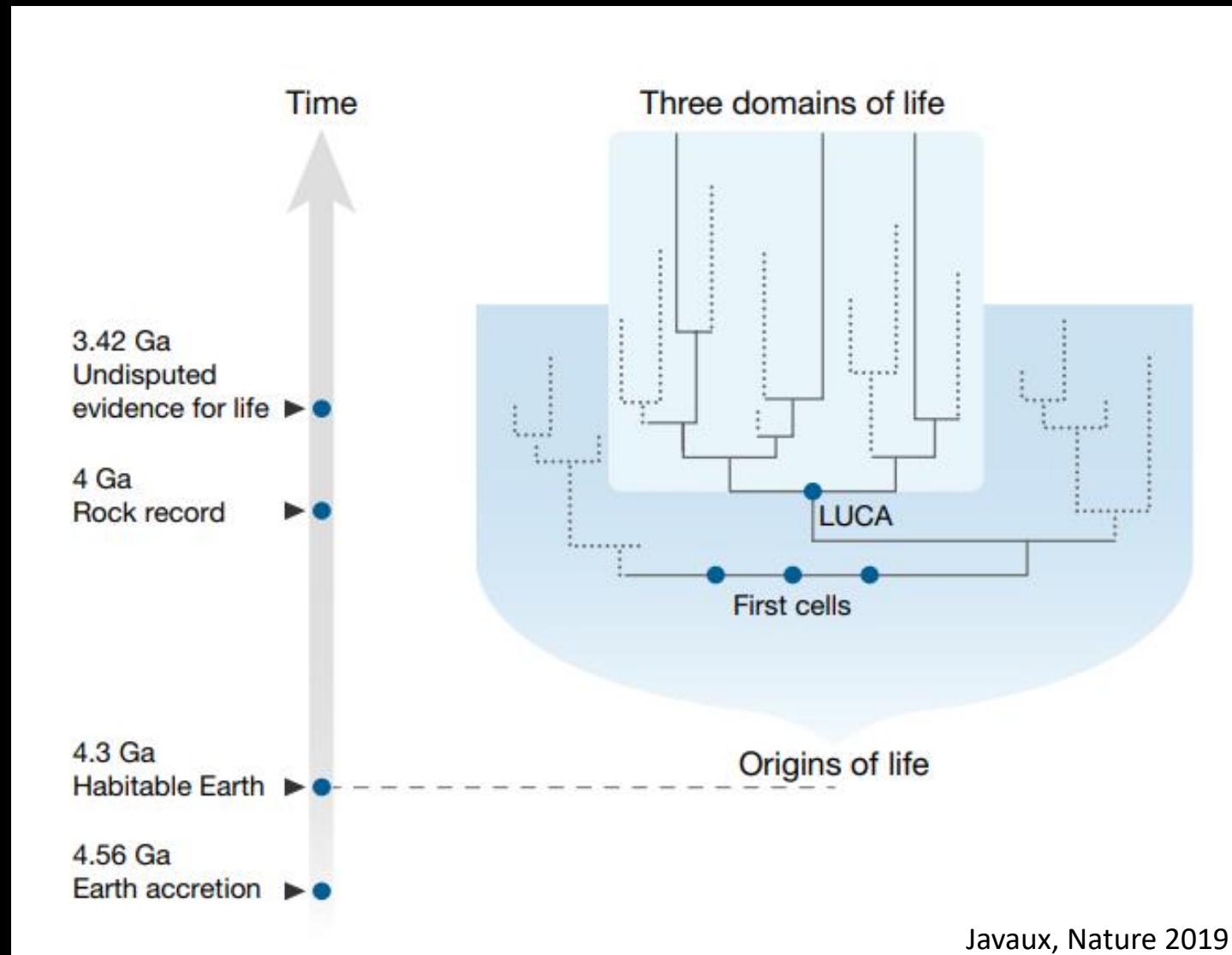


de Duve, Nat Rev Genetics 2007



Javaux Encyclopedia Astrobiology 2021
Javaux Nature 2019

Early Evolution of Life on Earth



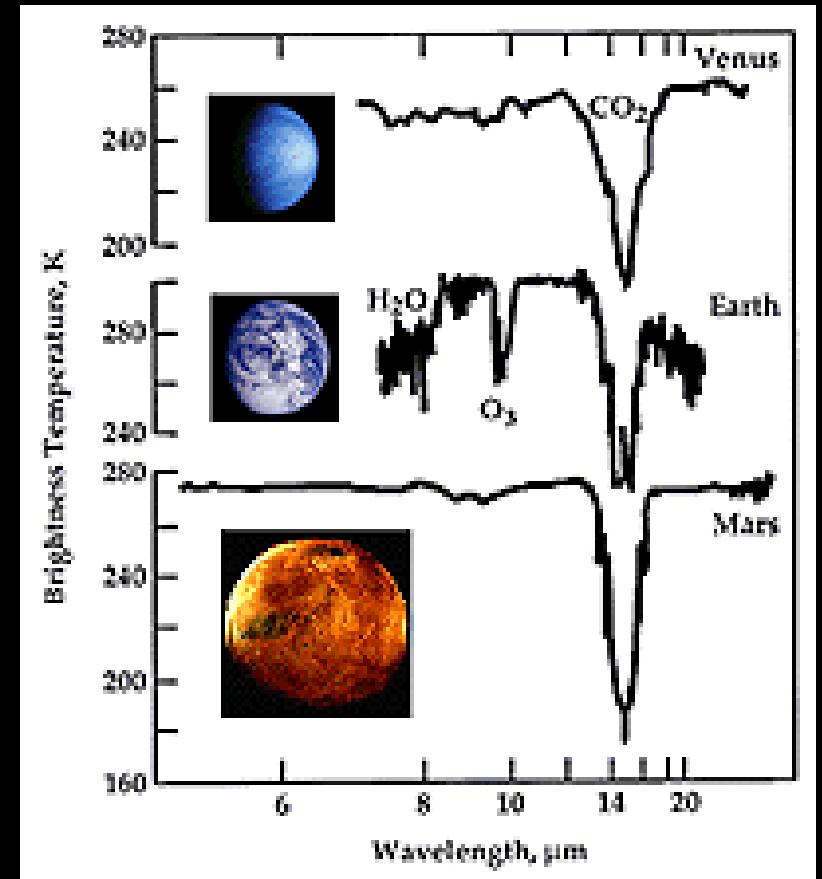
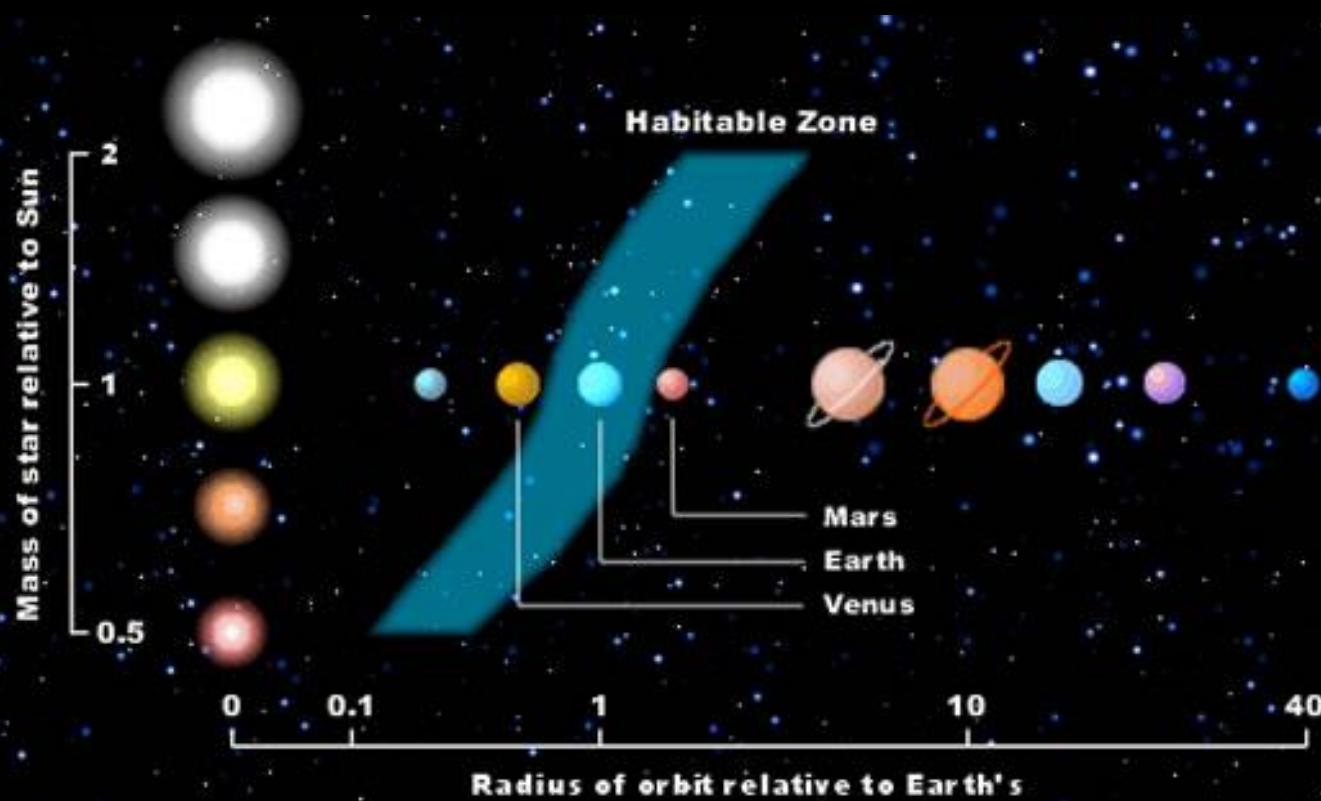
HABITABILITY

The possibility for a (exo)planet or moon to harbor life

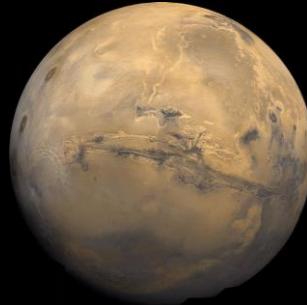
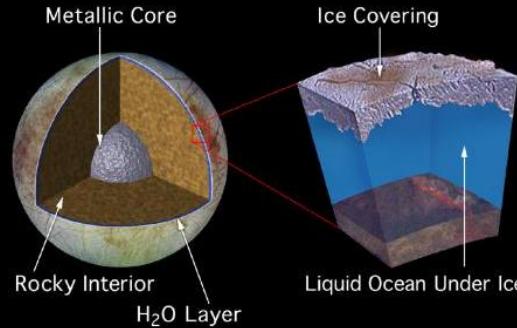
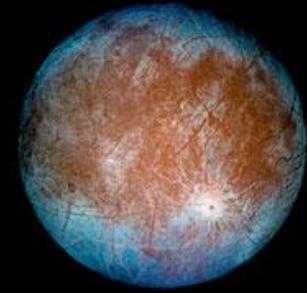
- Organic chemistry
- Liquid water (atmosphere)
- Nutrients (minerals)
- Energy



Habitable zone

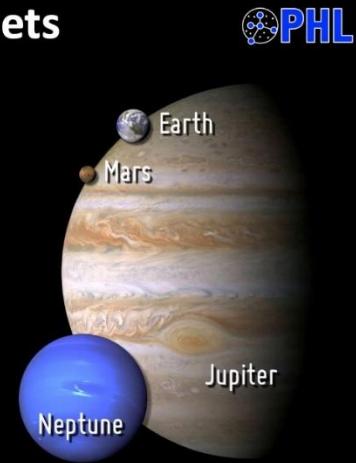
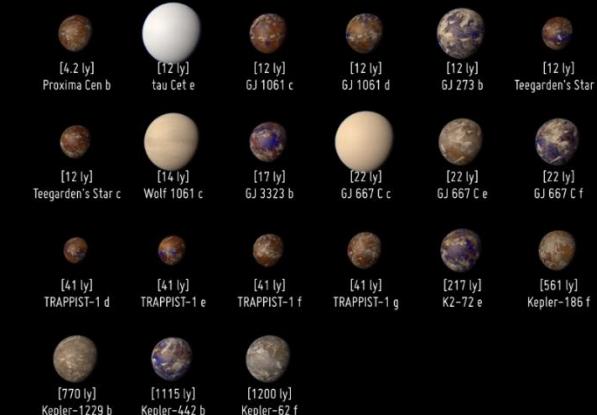


HABITABILITY CHANGES IN TIME AND SPACE



Potentially Habitable Exoplanets

Ranked by Distance from Earth (light years)



Artistic representations. Earth, Mars, Jupiter, and Neptune for scale. Distance from Earth is between brackets.

CREDIT: PHL @ UPR Arecibo (phl.upr.edu) Sep 4, 2019



TRAPPIST-1 system @Nature



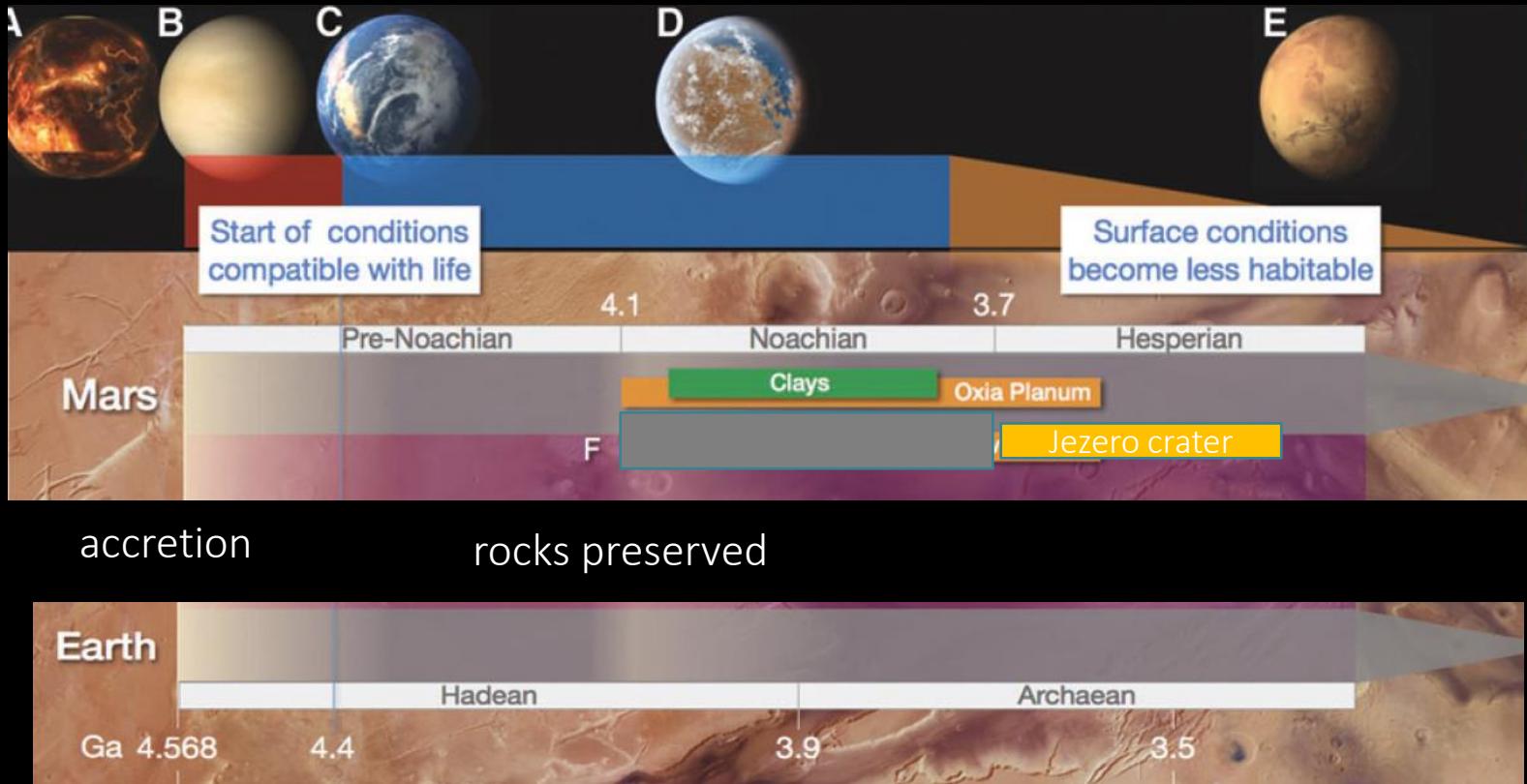
JWST



Life on Early habitable Mars?



Exomars 2028



Perseverance 2020



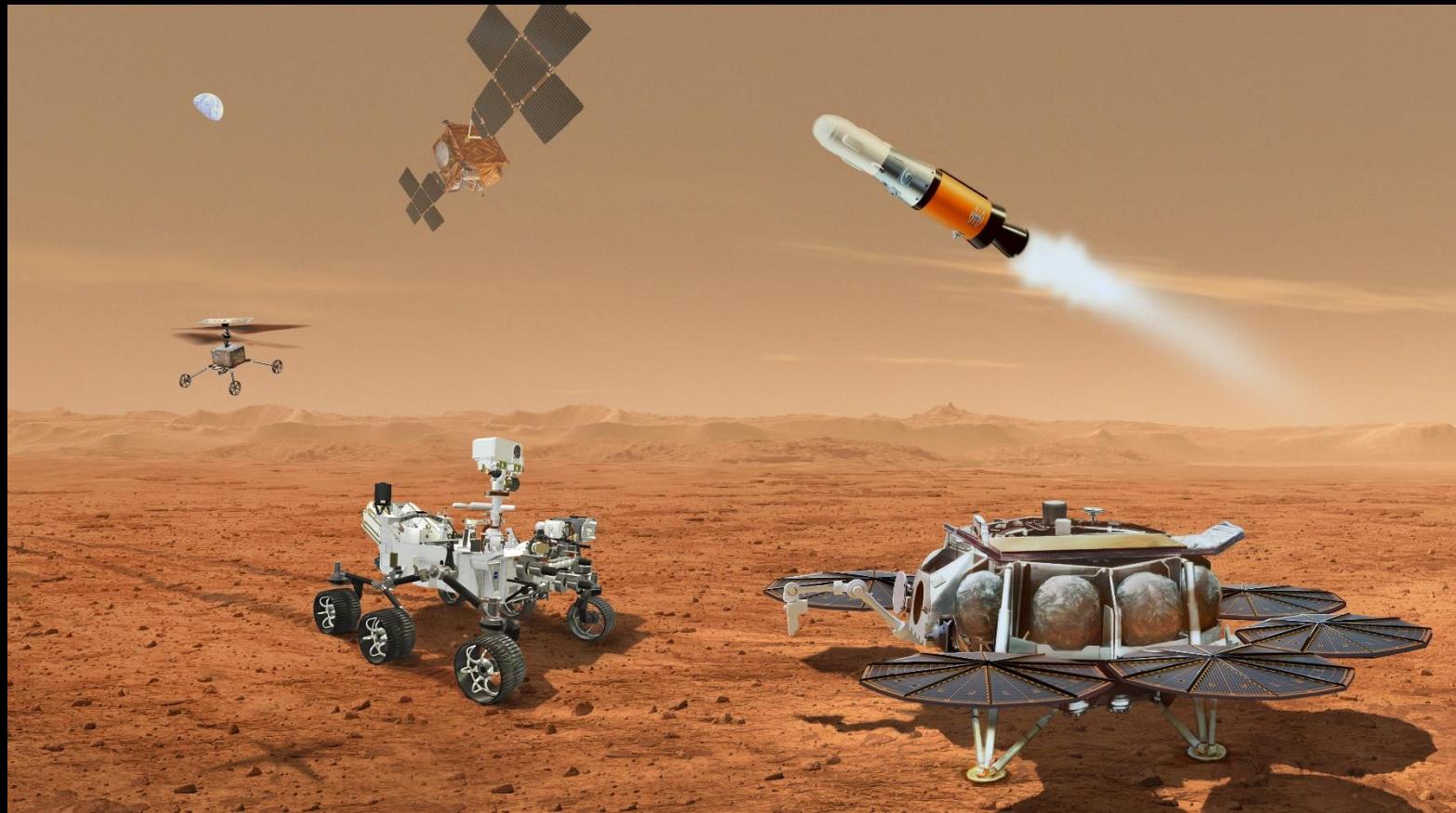
Jezero crater



50 km

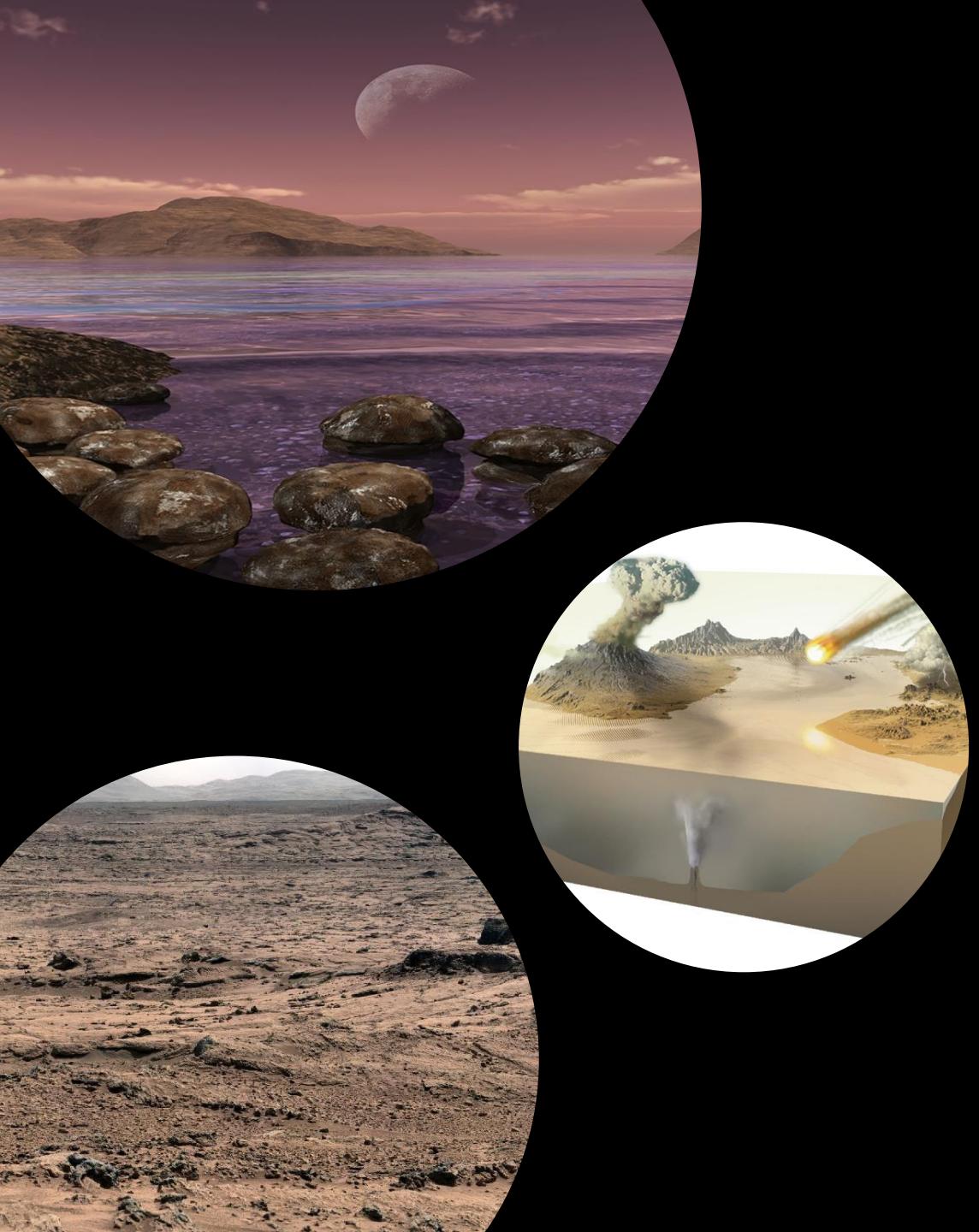
Modified from Vago+2017

Mars Sample Return 2033



NASA/JPL-Caltech





From early Earth to Mars!

Understanding the conditions for the origin & early evolution of Life in the Universe



www.earlylife.uliege.be



www.astrobiology.uliege.be

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Space 3